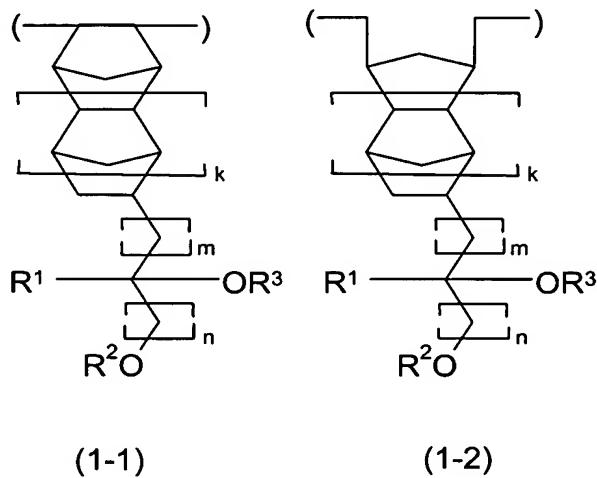


This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. **(Currently Amended)** A polymer comprising recurring units of the following general formula (1-1) or (1-2) derived from the ether compound of the above formula (1) and having a weight average molecular weight of 1,000 to 500,000,

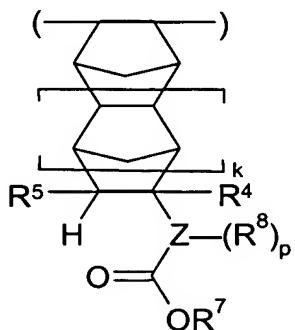


(1-1)

(1-2)

~~wherein k, m, n, and R¹ to R³ are as defined above wherein R¹ is hydrogen or a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1-6 carbon atoms, R² is a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1-6 carbon atoms, R³ is hydrogen or an acyl or alkoxy carbonyl group of 1-15 carbon atoms in which some or all of the hydrogen atoms on the constituent carbon atoms may be substituted with halogen atoms, k is 0 or 1, m is an integer from 0-3, and n is an integer from 3-6.~~

2. **(Currently Amended)** The polymer of claim 1 comprising, in addition to the recurring units of formula (1-1), recurring units of the following general formula (2-1):



(2-1)

wherein k is 0 or 1 as defined above,

R⁴ is hydrogen, methyl or CH₂CO₂R⁶,

R⁵ is hydrogen, methyl or CO₂R⁶,

R⁶ is a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1 to 15 1-15 carbon atoms,

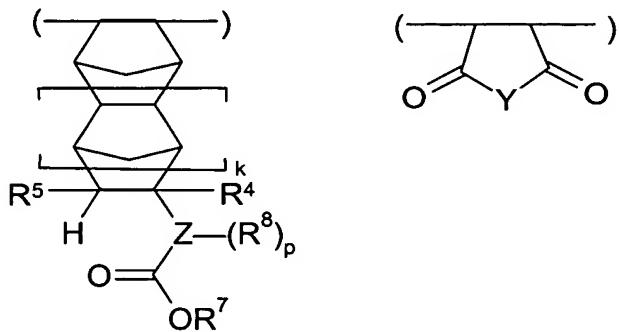
R⁷ is an acid labile group,

R⁸ is ~~selected from the class consisting of~~ a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a straight, branched or cyclic alkoxy, acyloxy or alkylsulfonyloxy group of 1 to 15 1-15 carbon atoms, and or a straight, branched or cyclic alkoxy carbonyloxy or alkoxyalkoxy group of 2 to 15 2-15 carbon atoms, in which some or all of the hydrogen atoms on constituent carbon atoms may be substituted with halogen atoms,

Z is a single bond or a straight, branched or cyclic (p+2)-valent hydrocarbon group of 1 to 5 1-5 carbon atoms, in which at least one methylene may be substituted with oxygen to form a chain-like or cyclic ether or two hydrogen atoms on a common carbon may be substituted with oxygen to form a ketone, and

p is 0, 1 or 2.

3. (Currently Amended) The polymer of claim 1 comprising, in addition to the recurring units of formula (1-1), recurring units of the following general formulae (2-1) and (3):



(2-1)

(3)

wherein Z, k, p and R^4 to R^8 are as defined above k is 0 or 1,

R^4 is hydrogen, methyl or $CH_2CO_2R^6$,

R^5 is hydrogen, methyl or CO_2R^6 ,

R^6 is a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1-15 carbon atoms.

R^7 is an acid labile group.

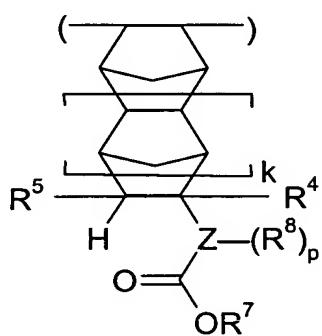
R⁸ is a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a straight, branched or cyclic alkoxy, acyloxy or alkylsulfonyloxy group of 1-15 carbon atoms, or a straight, branched or cyclic alkoxy carbonyloxy or alkoxyalkoxy group of 2-15 carbon atoms, in which some or all of the hydrogen atoms on constituent carbon atoms may be substituted with halogen atoms.

Z is a single bond or a straight, branched or cyclic (p+2)-valent hydrocarbon group of 1-5 carbon atoms, in which at least one methylene may be substituted with oxygen to form a chain-like or cyclic ether or two hydrogen atoms on a common carbon may be substituted with oxygen to form a ketone,

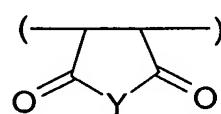
p is 0, 1 or 2, and

Y is an oxygen atom or NR⁹ wherein R⁹ is a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1 to 6 carbon atoms.

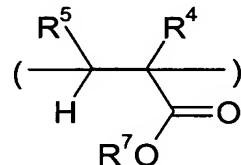
4. **(Currently Amended)** The polymer of claim 1 comprising, ~~in addition to the recurring units of formula (1-1), recurring units of the following general formula (4), alone or in combination with recurring units of the following general formula (2-1), and recurring units of the following general formula (3), and optionally, recurring units of the formula 2-1:~~



(2-1)



(3)



(4)

wherein Y, Z, k, p, and R⁴ to R⁹ are as defined above k is 0 or 1,

R⁴ is hydrogen, methyl or CH₂CO₂R⁶,

R⁵ is hydrogen, methyl or CO₂R⁶,

R⁶ is a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1-15 carbon atoms,

R⁷ is an acid labile group,

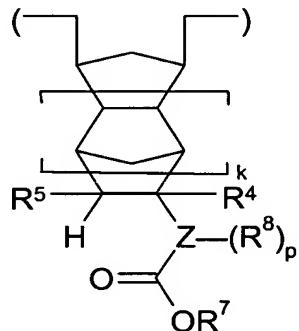
R⁸ is a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a straight, branched or cyclic alkoxy, acyloxy or alkylsulfonyloxy group of 1-15 carbon atoms, or a straight, branched or cyclic alkoxyacarbonyloxy or alkoxyalkoxy group of 2-15 carbon atoms, in which some or all of the hydrogen atoms on constituent carbon atoms may be substituted with halogen atoms,

Z is a single bond or a straight, branched or cyclic (p+2)-valent hydrocarbon group of 1-5 carbon atoms, in which at least one methylene may be substituted with oxygen to form a chain-like or cyclic ether or two hydrogen atoms on a common carbon may be substituted with oxygen to form a ketone,

p is 0, 1 or 2, and

Y is an oxygen atom or NR⁹ wherein R⁹ is a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1-6 carbon atoms.

5. **(Currently Amended)** The polymer of claim 1 comprising, in addition to the recurring units of formula (1-2), recurring units of the following general formula (2-2):



(2-2)

wherein Z, k, p and R⁴ to R⁸ are as defined above k is 0 or 1,

R⁴ is hydrogen, methyl or CH₂CO₂R⁶,

R⁵ is hydrogen, methyl or CO₂R⁶,

R⁶ is a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1-15 carbon atoms,

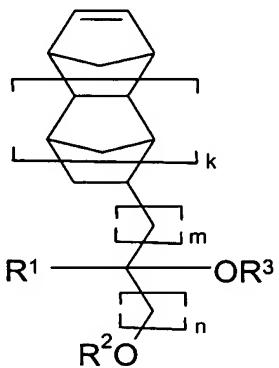
R⁷ is an acid labile group,

R⁸ is a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a straight, branched or cyclic alkoxy, acyloxy or alkylsulfonyloxy group of 1-15 carbon atoms, or a straight, branched or cyclic alkoxy carbonyloxy or alkoxyalkoxy group of 2-15 carbon atoms, in which some or all of the hydrogen atoms on constituent carbon atoms may be substituted with halogen atoms.

Z is a single bond or a straight, branched or cyclic (p+2)-valent hydrocarbon group of 1-5 carbon atoms, in which at least one methylene may be substituted with oxygen to form a chain-like or cyclic ether or two hydrogen atoms on a common carbon may be substituted with oxygen to form a ketone, and

p is 0, 1 or 2.

6. **(Original)** A resist composition comprising the polymer of claim 1.
7. **(Original)** A process for forming a resist pattern comprising the steps of:
applying the resist composition of claim 6 onto a substrate to form a coating,
heat treating the coating and then exposing it to high-energy radiation or electron beams through a photo mask, and
optionally heat treating the exposed coating and developing it with a developer.
8. **(New)** The polymer of claim 1, wherein the units of formula (1-1) or (1-2) are derived from an ether compound of the following general formula (1):



(1)

wherein R¹ is hydrogen or a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1-6 carbon atoms, R² is a straight, branched or cyclic alkyl group of 1-6 carbon atoms, R³ is hydrogen or an acyl or alkoxy carbonyl group of 1-15 carbon atoms in which some or all of the hydrogen atoms on the constituent carbon atoms may be substituted with halogen atoms, k is 0 or 1, m is an integer from 0-3, and n is an integer from 3-6.